Media Literacy Kahoot Quiz

Link to the quiz: https://create.kahoot.it/share/media-literacy/78dd9c66-fe9c-49aa-8636-12e2ca981d2b

Learning objective: In this quiz, you will have the opportunity to practice thinking critically about online news articles by analyzing the credibility of their source, author, and content. You will develop the capacity to recognize characteristics of hoaxes and have some fun testing your ability to decipher real news headlines from fake articles!

Duration: ~10-15 minutes

Players: 1-10 players, play by yourself or challenge your friends!

This activity is most suitable for youth ages 12 to 19 who regularly consume digital media, but may not yet be well-versed in recognizing misinformation online. However, older age groups may also find this quiz to be a useful and entertaining way to learn more about fake news and media literacy.

Setup: one electronic device per player (phone, laptop, tablet, etc.) + Wi-Fi
If you are playing with multiple players, you will also need one shared screen from which to display the questions and progress from question to question.

How to play: To begin the Kahoot quiz, simply follow the link below and click "start". Each participant will need to navigate to www.kahoot.it on their own device and enter the game pin and a personal username to play. After everyone has joined the game, select "start" on the shared screen once again to begin the quiz!

Vocabulary:

Below is some vocabulary used in this guiz that may be helpful to review before and after playing!

- Media literacy: the ability to critically analyze and evaluate the messages conveyed through media
- Fake news: a genre of so-called yellow journalism (tabloid/unethical journalism) spreading misinformation or hoaxes
- Disinformation: false, deceptive information designed to influence opinions in order to create the appearance of credibility
- Conspiracy theory: a belief that some secret but influential organization is responsible for an event or phenomenon
- Hoax: in online communications, an unsolicited message that aims to trick or spread false and often preposterous information
- Tabloid: a type of newspaper that focuses on sensational new stories in popular culture
- Unsolicited message: a message that the recipient did not ask for and most likely did not want to receive
- Clickbait: content whose main purpose is to attract attention and encourage visitors to click on a link to a particular web page
- Reputable source: a credible source with an established and trustworthy reputation





